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STATISTICS OF THE NEGRO RACE, 1927–28

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This report gives in a brief form statistics of the various institutions that have to do with the education of the negro race in Continental United States. It includes data on children of school age; enrollment and number of teachers in the public schools; teachers and pupils in private secondary schools; instructors, students, receipts, and property values in colleges, universities, and teacher-training institutions. The information for this report was taken from questionnaires and letters sent to the State departments of education, public and private high schools, colleges, universities, and teacher-training institutions, and from printed reports from State departments of education for the year 1927–28. In a few cases, as noted, where 1928 data could not be secured, 1926 or 1927 information is used. Certain valuable information on elementary education could not be obtained in some sections of the country where segregation of the white and negro population is not practiced.

Table 1 gives a record of the development of negro education from the year 1919–20 to 1927–28, inclusive. Taking the year 1919–20 as a basis the following increases for the negro race are noted in 18 Southern States where separate records are kept for white and negro schools; children 5 to 17 years of age, inclusive, 10.8 per cent; pupils enrolled, 9 per cent; high-school enrollment, 177.8 per cent; average daily attendance, 17.5 per cent; and aggregate number of days

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attended, 29.6 per cent. The number of pupils per teacher based on enrollment during the year 1927–28 was 47 in the elementary grades and 22.5 in the high school. The number of pupils per teacher in both elementary and high school was 45, which is approximately 15 more than for white and negro schools in the entire United States.

It must be borne in mind, however, that in both the white and negro schools of the South such unfavorable educational conditions as low salaries for teachers, overcrowded schoolrooms and lack of laboratory and other equipment for high schools, wherever such exist, are due mainly to the fact that a comparatively large proportion of the population is of school age and to the low taxable wealth of the communities where these conditions obtain. According to the 1920 census the proportion of school children in the 18 Southern States was one-fourth more than for the entire United States. Under these unfavorable conditions the Southern States are building better buildings, paying better wages, and making steady progress in courses offered and work done.

Table 2 shows the public-school enrollment in 18 Southern States divided as to boys and girls and as to elementary and high-school enrollments. It is probable that there are more than 300,000 negro pupils in the public schools in the Northern and Western States.

Table 3 gives the enumeration of pupils 5 to 17 years of age, inclusive, average daily attendance, aggregate number of days attended, and the number of elementary and secondary school teachers (men and women) in the 18 Southern States.

Table 4 shows the number of pupils by grades in both the elementary and high schools in 17 States where records of this kind are kept. The high-school enrollment has increased approximately 25 per cent during each succeeding 2-year period for the past four 2-year periods.

Table 5 gives a distribution of pupils by grades in the public schools in 12 States beginning with the year 1919–20 and ending with the year 1927–28. It will be noticed that, of the 474,836 pupils in the first grade in 1919–20, 233,105 reached the second grade in 1920–21; 199,238 reached the third grade in 1921–22; and so on to 1927–28, when 28,213 remained to be in the first year of high school. Using the year 1919–20 as a basis of 100 per cent, the remainders in each succeeding grade were: Second grade, 49 per cent; third, 42 per cent; fourth, 34 per cent; fifth, 25 per cent; sixth, 17.5 per cent; seventh, 11.9 per cent; eighth, 3.8 per cent; and the first year high school, 5.9 per cent. The low percentage for the eighth grade is caused by some States not having an eighth grade. The pupils in the first grade have decreased slightly in the 9-year period, but the pupils in the first year of high school increased 290 per cent in the same period. Pupils in the fourth year of high school increased 529 per cent during the same years.

Table 6 gives the number of teachers in 508 high schools for negroes only reporting to the Office of Education. In 272 of these schools which completed the fourth year there were graduated 2,356 boys and 4,735 girls.

Table 7 shows all negro pupils in high schools for both white and negro pupils and for negro pupils only reported by schools to the Office of Education for Northern and Western States and by State departments of education for the 18 Southern States combined into one table.

Tables 8 and 9 give instructors, students, property, and receipts for State and private institutions of secondary and higher rank. Receipts for private high schools or academies are not included.

Table 10 shows the increase in the length of the school year in 16 States. In the 9-year period the average increase of schools for white pupils was 16 days, or 11 per cent. During the same period negro schools increased 11 days, or 9 per cent. All of these States report increases in the white schools, while the length of the school year in negro schools shows a tendency to increase in only 10 States. Louisiana had an average of 114 days in the negro schools in 1919–20, but decreased to 102 in 1926. It again increased to 114 in 1927–28. Mississippi, Oklahoma, Texas, and Virginia show a tendency to decrease. During the 2-year period, 1925–26 and 1927–28, Mississippi increased the length of the school year in her white schools 21 days and shortened the school year for negro schools 28 days.

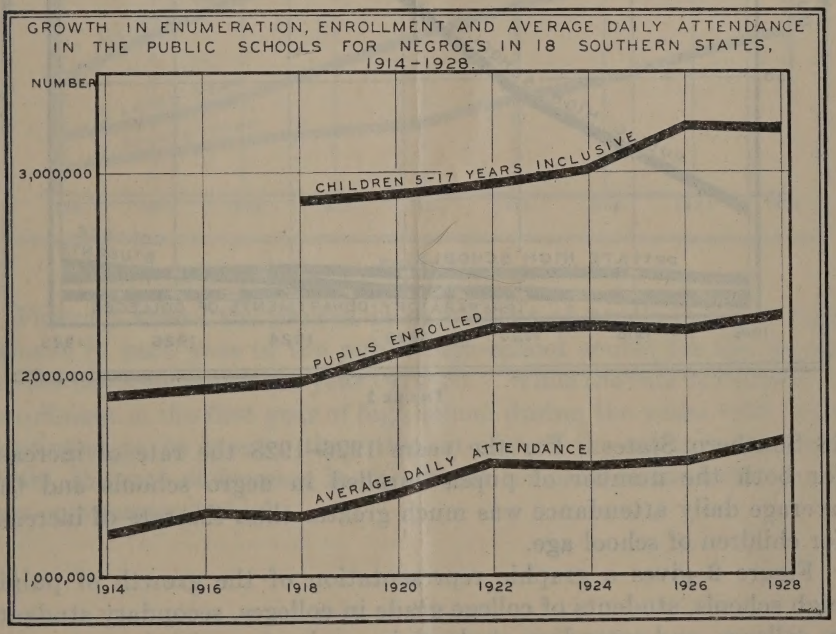

FIGURE 1

Table 11 gives average salaries for negro teachers in States where this information is available. Although this information is fragmentary it is enough to show that teachers' salaries have increased nearly 10 per cent in the 2-year period.

Figure 1 shows the growth graphically of the enumeration, enrollment, and average daily attendance in the public schools of the

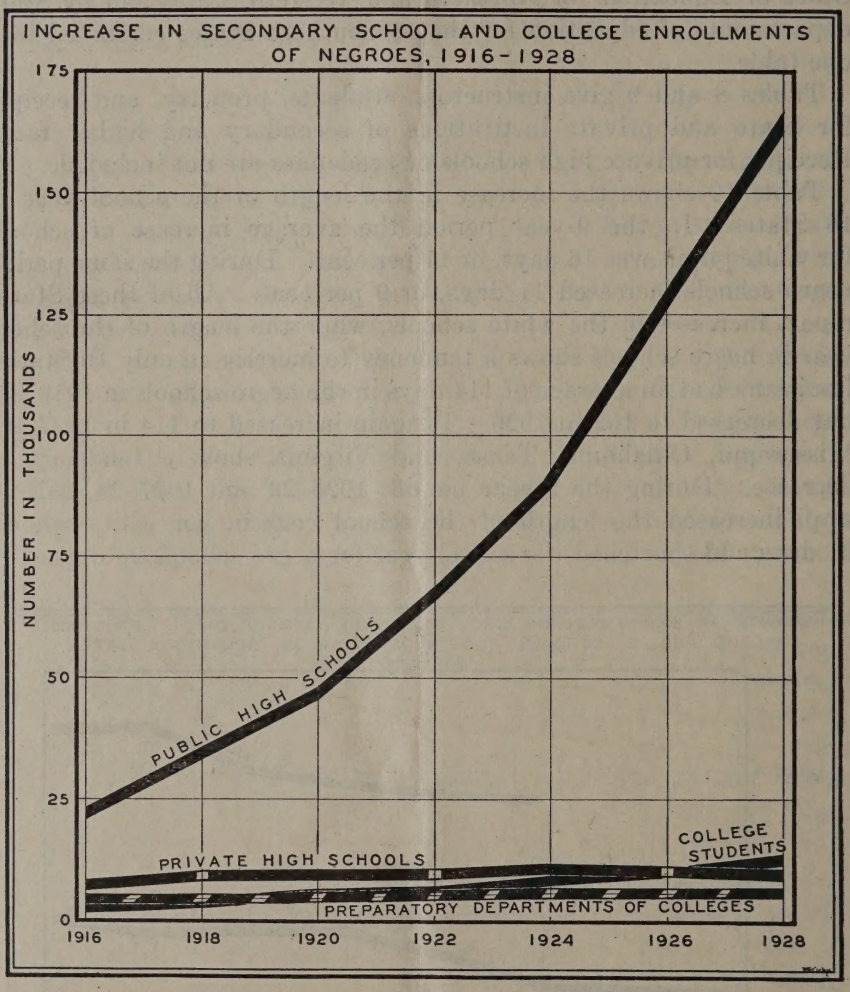

FIGURE 2

18 Southern States. For the years 1926–1928 the rate of increase for both the number of pupils enrolled in negro schools and the average daily attendance was much greater than the rate of increase for children of school age.

Figure 2 gives a graphic representation of the growth of public high schools, students of college grade in colleges, secondary students in colleges, and secondary students in academies. Of the 114 public

junior colleges reporting to this office in 1928, the only public junior college for negroes is reported by Houston, Tex. Aside from land-grant institutions and teacher-training schools, North Carolina College for Negroes, Durham, N. C., is the only State college for negroes.

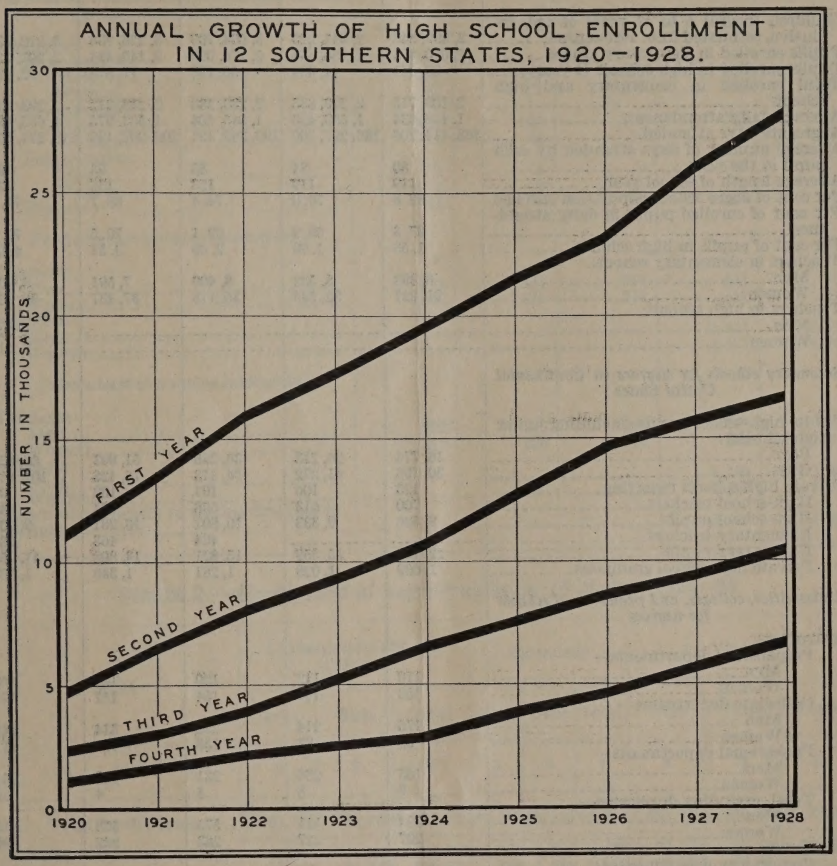

FIGURE 3

Figure 3 shows the growth in enrollment of pupils in negro high schools in each year of the public high-school course for the 9-year period beginning with the year 1919–20. While the rate of increase in enrollment in the first year of high school during the years 1926–1928 continued to be greater than that in any of the other high-school years, the rate of increase in enrollment for each of the other years was comparatively high.

TABLE 1.—*Summary of public and private school statistics of the negro race*

Type of school	1919–20	1921–22	1923–24	1925–26	1927–28
1	2	3	4	5	6
Public schools for negroes in 18 Southern States [1] [2]					
Children (negro) 5 to 17 years of age, inclusive, estimated from 1920 census	2,899,246	2,941,225	3,004,709	3,226,935	3,212,950
Pupils enrolled in elementary grades	2,070,374	2,185,441	2,176,090	2,140,494	2,201,221
Pupils enrolled in high schools (4-year)	33,341	44,394	60,193	77,818	92,624
Total enrolled in elementary and high schools	2,103,715	2,229,835	2,236,283	2,218,312	2,293,845
Average daily attendance	1,416,034	1,559,426	1,545,104	1,563,975	1,663,481
Aggregate days attended	168,414,206	186,297,200	190,385,421	206,802,196	218,274,538
Average number of days attended by each pupil in the year	80	84	85	93	95
Average length of school year	119	119	123	132	131
Per cent of negro school population enrolled	69.8	76.0	74.4	68.7	71.4
Per cent of enrolled pupils in daily attendance	67.3	69.9	69.1	70.5	72.5
Per cent of pupils in high schools	1.58	1.99	2.69	3.51	4.04
Teachers in elementary schools:					
Men	6,398	8,522	8,400	7,591	6,968
Women	31,227	32,595	35,118	37,437	39,903
Teachers in high schools:					
Men					1,725
Women					2,311
Secondary schools for negroes in Continental United States					
Public high-school pupils (including junior high schools):					
Boys	16,776	26,213	36,246	51,991	62,174
Girls	30,196	41,272	54,413	76,428	102,813
Private high schools reporting	123	106	101	103	95
High-school teachers	700	613	698	654	689
High-school pupils	9,526	9,333	10,891	10,261	9,904
Elementary teachers			464	463	280
Elementary pupils	22,150	15,552	15,821	13,808	11,259
Private high-school graduates	1,069	1,029	1,281	1,346	1,353
Universities, colleges, and professional schools for negroes					
Instructors:					
Preparatory departments—					
Men	119	112	120	101	160
Women	153	154	154	157	174
Collegiate department—					
Men	175	214	292	314	444
Women	82	94	153	151	211
Professional departments—					
Men	163	236	231	203	261
Women	9	8	4	4	26
Total, excluding duplicates—					
Men	394	511	575	573	818
Women	207	227	263	282	389
Students:					
Preparatory departments—					
Men	2,232	2,492	2,643	2,568	2,546
Women	2,743	2,822	3,105	3,022	3,206
Collegiate departments—					
Men	2,017	2,037	3,443	4,167	5,204
Women	1,637	1,577	2,967	4,435	4,517
Graduate departments—					
Men	10	4	34	15	3
Women	1	3	25	15	3
Professional departments—					
Men	1,571	1,828	1,573	1,364	1,723
Women	71	90	60	43	1,404
Total, excluding duplicates—					
Men	5,612	6,122	7,308	7,593	9,475
Women	4,172	4,247	5,615	6,363	9,129

[1] Partly estimated from reports of other years.

[2] The 18 States are Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

TABLE 1.—*Summary of public and private school statistics of the negro race*—Continued

Type of school	1919–20	1921–22	1923–24	1925–26	1927–28
1	2	3	4	5	6
Universities, colleges, and professional schools for negroes—Continued					
Graduates:					
Baccalaureate—					
Men	222	199	308	371	571
Women	80	97	205	253	433
Professional—					
Men	227	279	305	263	232
Women	4	24	19	10	66
Postgraduate:					
Men	4	1	9	10	3
Women	1	2	4	2	3
Honorary	24	14	37	40	28
Public teacher-training institutions					
Teachers:					
Men	253	335	380	404	382
Women	235	335	351	411	417
Students:					
Men				2,414	3,048
Women				4,475	6,264
Private teacher-training institutions					
Teachers:					
Men	208	206	243	251	277
Women	219	228	253	239	242
Students:					
Men				1,399	1,697
Women				1,109	1,518
Model school pupils in teacher-training institutions				5,354	4,496

TABLE 2.—*Enrollment of negro pupils in 18 States, 1927–28*

State	Kindergarten and elementary			Secondary			Total		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total for 18 States	1,048,832	1,152,389	2,201,221	34,305	58,319	92,624	1,083,137	1,210,708	2,293,845
Alabama	95,259	104,064	199,323	1,565	3,695	5,260	96,824	107,759	204,583
Arkansas	52,281	56,596	108,877	696	1,280	1,976	52,977	57,876	110,853
Delaware	2,867	3,081	5,948	209	332	541	3,076	3,413	6,489
District of Columbia	10,248	11,371	21,619	1,559	2,289	3,848	11,807	13,660	25,467
Florida	[1] 42,587	[1] 48,879	[1] 91,466	[1] 684	[1] 1,389	[1] 2,073	43,271	50,268	93,539
Georgia	109,007	127,296	236,303	2,396	2,799	5,195	111,403	130,095	241,498
Kentucky[2]	21,916	22,713	44,629	914	1,750	2,664	22,830	24,463	47,293
Louisiana	66,991	74,272	141,263	1,397	3,173	4,570	68,388	77,445	145,833
Maryland	22,632	24,351	46,983	1,688	1,816	3,504	24,320	26,167	50,487
Mississippi	136,106	150,126	286,232	1,730	2,286	4,016	137,836	152,412	290,248
Missouri	16,584	16,562	33,146	2,645	3,294	5,939	19,229	19,856	39,085
North Carolina	[3] 120,007	[3] 130,530	250,537	[3] 4,166	[3] 7,378	11,544	124,173	137,908	262,081
Oklahoma	23,260	23,016	46,276	1,214	1,911	3,125	24,474	24,927	49,401
SouthCarolina	101,686	118,251	219,937	2,420	5,646	8,066	104,106	123,897	228,003
Tennessee	56,385	59,454	115,839	1,905	3,652	5,557	58,290	63,106	121,396
Texas	91,225	94,094	185,319	5,973	10,023	15,996	97,198	104,117	201,315
Virginia	68,938	76,500	145,438	2,383	4,472	6,855	71,321	80,972	152,293
West Virginia	10,853	11,233	22,086	761	1,134	1,895	11,614	12,367	23,981

[1] Distribution estimated. [2] Statistics 1926–27. [3] Sex distribution estimated.

TABLE 3.—*Statistics of public schools—enumeration, attendance, and teachers in 18 States, 1927–28*

State	Enumeration 5 to 17 years of age, inclusive	Average daily attendance			Aggregate days attended			Teachers								
								Elementary schools			Secondary schools			Total		
		Elementary schools	Secondary schools	Total	Elementary schools	Secondary schools	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Total	3,212,950			1,635,144			210,055,100	6,968	39,903	46,871	1,725	2,311	4,036	8,693	42,214	50,907
Alabama	324,027	136,616	11,826	148,442	16,839,621	1,953,891	18,793,512	426	3,098	3,524	145	224	369	571	3,322	3,893
Arkansas	160,475	69,714	8,407	78,121	8,901,309	1,387,155	10,288,464	575	1,669	2,244	31	92	123	606	1,761	2,367
Delaware	7,610	4,635	422	5,057	865,322	78,461	943,783	22	167	189	5	7	12	27	174	201
District of Columbia	25,055	17,834	3,294	21,128	3,224,856	588,107	3,812,963	63	598	661	73	93	166	136	691	827
Florida	107,155			71,714			9,213,303	[4] 275	[4] 1,871	[4] 2,146	[4] 24	[4] 66	[4] 90	299	1,937	2,236
Georgia	433,370			177,158			24,160,646	377	4,476	4,853	134	156	290	511	4,632	5,143
Kentucky [1]	56,749			31,462				250	926	1,176	71	92	163	321	1,018	1,339
Louisiana	226,830	104,425	3,725	108,150	11,904,450	424,650	12,329,100	374	2,211	2,585	71	167	238	445	2,378	2,823
Maryland	66,448	35,548	2,985	38,533	6,311,414	552,319	6,863,733	185	1,138	1,323	70	79	149	255	1,217	1,472
Mississippi	[2] 393,409			197,684			22,140,608	1,021	4,984	6,005	13	67	80	1,034	5,051	6,085
Missouri	51,209							150	788	938	120	66	186	270	854	1,124
North Carolina	305,008	172,125	9,052	181,177			24,929,955	752	4,760	5,512	198	214	412	950	4,974	5,924
Oklahoma	76,084	27,659	2,376	30,035	3,953,818	311,152	4,264,970	217	921	1,138	120	106	226	337	1,027	1,364
South Carolina	337,897			162,650			18,886,023	645	3,476	4,121	118	210	328	763	3,686	4,449
Tennessee	135,580	83,707	4,101	87,808	12,385,425	729,978	13,115,403	431	2,126	2,557	107	136	243	538	2,262	2,800
Texas	253,229	150,022	15,136	165,158	19,372,974	2,061,900	21,434,874	[4] 754	[4] 2,996	[4] 3,750	[4] 226	[4] 307	[4] 533	980	3,303	4,283
Virginia	227,990			112,139			15,921,557	336	3,192	3,528	129	134	263	465	3,326	3,791
West Virginia [3]	24,825	17,008	1,720	18,728	2,668,943	287,263	2,956,206	115	506	621	70	95	165	185	601	786

[1] Statistics 1926–27.
[2] Estimated on school census for 5 to 21 years of age.
[3] Statistics 1925–26.
[4] Distribution estimated.

TABLE 4.—*Enrollment of negro pupils in public schools for negroes only, by grades, in 17 States, 1927–28*

State	In kindergarten and elementary grades										In secondary grades					Grand total
	Kindergarten	First grade	Second grade	Third grade	Fourth grade	Fifth grade	Sixth grade	Seventh grade	Eighth grade	Total kindergarten and elementary	First year	Second year	Third year	Fourth year	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Total for 17 States	5,120	781,214	334,286	296,188	264,045	205,193	147,856	98,607	35,566	2,168,075	38,999	23,423	14,698	9,565	86,685	2,254,760
Alabama		82,192	29,402	26,455	22,248	16,901	12,800	5,577	3,748	199,323	2,508	1,401	745	606	5,260	204,583
Arkansas		34,452	17,779	15,579	14,706	11,100	7,684	4,779	2,798	108,877	1,003	545	286	142	1,976	110,853
Delaware		1,380	866	816	704	725	593	492	372	5,948	243	137	100	61	541	6,489
District of Columbia	1,905	3,994	2,922	2,442	2,429	2,334	2,080	1,839	1,674	21,619	1,712	957	684	495	3,848	25,467
Florida		40,035	13,117	11,843	10,001	7,153	4,663	2,936	1,718	91,466	1,006	578	318	171	2,073	93,539
Georgia	947	87,461	42,890	34,108	28,415	20,603	13,245	7,268	1,366	236,303	2,786	1,360	659	390	5,195	241,498
Kentucky [1]		11,741	6,187	5,998	5,400	5,116	4,124	3,405	2,658	44,629	1,061	685	497	421	2,664	47,293
Louisiana		56,845	21,741	20,021	18,100	12,138	7,864	4,554		141,263	1,840	1,133	899	698	4,570	145,833
Maryland	1,196	10,330	7,445	6,836	6,525	5,517	4,533	3,484	1,117	46,983	1,567	897	619	421	3,504	50,487
Mississippi		107,919	42,265	37,467	33,399	25,305	18,080	12,514	9,283	286,232	2,181	1,162	409	264	4,016	290,248
North Carolina		98,271	35,321	32,571	29,529	23,701	17,579	12,666	899	250,537	4,701	3,271	2,188	1,384	11,544	262,081
Oklahoma	441	13,599	5,922	6,325	6,266	5,028	4,070	2,159	2,466	46,276	1,376	785	531	433	3,125	49,401
South Carolina		82,279	40,468	32,023	26,414	19,486	11,943	7,324		219,937	3,672	2,176	1,532	686	8,066	228,003
Tennessee		38,270	16,474	14,895	14,123	12,139	8,881	6,301	4,756	115,839	2,276	1,570	966	745	5,557	121,396
Texas	631	61,881	24,653	25,047	23,796	20,242	15,912	13,157		185,319	7,398	4,362	2,726	1,510	15,996	201,315
Virginia		44,664	23,779	20,972	19,329	15,329	11,824	8,290	1,251	145,438	2,905	1,908	1,242	800	6,855	152,293
West Virginia		5,901	3,055	2,790	2,661	2,376	1,981	1,862	1,460	22,086	764	496	297	338	1,895	23,981

[1] Statistics for 1926–27.

TABLE 5.—*Distribution of negro pupils by grades, in public schools, in 12 Southern States*

Grade	1920	1921[1]	1922	1923[1]	1924	1925[1]	1926	1927[1]	1928
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total enrollment	1,231,939	1,283,353	1,334,767	1,330,367	1,325,967	1,338,718	1,351,470	1,374,961	1,398,452
Number in elementary schools	1,212,713	1,258,776	1,304,839	1,295,538	1,286,237	1,293,327	1,300,417	1,318,477	1,336,537
Number in high schools	19,226	24,577	29,928	34,829	39,730	45,391	51,053	56,484	61,915
Number in each elementary grade:									
Kindergarten	1,791	1,835	1,879	2,716	3,556	4,308	5,059	5,090	5,120
First	474,836	471,335	467,834	452,957	438,080	439,089	440,098	456,042	471,986
Second	232,799	233,105	233,410	229,835	226,260	219,056	211,851	211,422	210,993
Third	183,562	191,400	199,238	199,030	198,822	194,393	189,965	187,259	184,552
Fourth	138,876	149,707	160,537	161,492	162,444	163,535	164,626	163,768	162,911
Fifth	92,697	103,688	114,678	117,038	119,395	123,610	127,826	127,829	127,833
Sixth	52,739	63,510	74,282	75,938	77,595	83,179	88,763	90,644	92,525
Seventh	28,237	36,629	45,022	47,656	50,291	53,396	56,501	58,595	60,689
Eighth[2]	7,176	7,567	7,959	8,876	9,794	12,761	15,728	17,828	19,928
Number in high school:									
First year	11,001	13,406	15,811	17,675	19,539	21,367	23,194	25,704	28,213
Second year	4,795	6,403	8,010	9,369	10,727	12,689	14,651	15,639	16,627
Third year	2,372	3,163	3,954	5,215	6,476	7,520	8,565	9,492	10,419
Fourth year	1,058	1,605	2,153	2,570	2,988	3,815	4,643	5,649	6,656
Per cent in each elementary grade:									
Kindergarten	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.20	0.27	0.32	0.37	0.37	0.37
First	38.55	36.73	35.05	34.05	33.04	32.80	32.56	33.17	33.75
Second	18.90	18.16	17.49	17.28	17.07	16.38	15.68	15.37	15.09
Third	14.90	14.91	14.93	14.96	14.99	14.52	14.06	13.62	13.20
Fourth	11.27	11.67	12.03	12.14	12.25	12.22	12.18	11.91	11.65
Fifth	7.53	8.08	8.59	8.80	9.00	9.23	9.46	9.30	9.14
Sixth	4.28	4.95	5.56	5.71	5.85	6.21	6.57	6.59	6.62
Seventh	2.29	2.85	3.37	3.58	3.79	3.99	4.18	4.26	4.34
Eighth	.58	.59	.60	.67	.74	.95	1.16	1.30	1.42
Per cent in high school:									
First year	.89	1.05	1.18	1.33	1.47	1.60	1.72	1.87	2.02
Second year	.39	.50	.60	.70	.81	.95	1.08	1.14	1.19
Third year	.19	.25	.30	.39	.49	.56	.64	.69	.74
Fourth year	.09	.12	.16	.19	.23	.29	.34	.41	.47

[1] Estimated from other years.
[2] Many schools do not have eighth grade.

TABLE 6.—*Teachers in public high schools for negroes, 1927–28*

State	Schools for colored pupils only	Reorganized high schools									Teachers in regular high schools			Total teachers
		Teachers in junior high schools			Teachers in junior-senior high schools			Teachers in senior high schools						
		Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Continental United States	508	125	251	376	353	634	987	37	39	76	821	1,025	1,846	3,285
Alabama	16	7	25	32	9	37	46				15	47	62	140
Arkansas	15	2	2	4	13	24	37				13	24	37	78
California	1										2	1	3	3
Delaware	1										4	10	14	14
District of Columbia	5	25	69	94							65	67	132	226
Florida	11	1	5	6	19	58	77				4	7	11	94
Georgia	23	4	14	18	26	39	65	2	2	4	21	33	54	141
Illinois	12				3	11	14				27	53	80	94
Indiana	7				2	1	3				37	34	71	74
Kansas	2	10	17	27				10	9	19				46
Kentucky	52	2	2	4	8	16	24				75	94	169	197
Louisiana	6				27	48	75				7	9	16	91
Maryland	19	21	26	47	38	59	97				20	23	43	187
Mississippi	27	8	8	16	12	36	48	1	7	8	18	25	43	115
Missouri	23	18	13	31	33	40	73	18	11	29	50	36	86	219
New Jersey	1	4	6	10										10
North Carolina	82	2	5	7	12	20	32				147	182	329	368
Ohio	4	11	20	31	4	4	8							39
Oklahoma	17				47	54	101				17	14	31	132
Pennsylvania	1	2	3	5										5
South Carolina	24										40	62	102	102
Tennessee	27	4	32	36	8	23	31	6	10	16	48	51	99	182
Texas	93				47	96	143				138	156	294	437
Virginia	20	2	2	4	2	18	20				63	92	155	179
West Virginia	19	2	2	4	43	50	93				10	5	15	112

TABLE 7.—*Negro pupils enrolled in public high schools for negroes and for negro and white pupils, 1927–28*

State	Seventh grade		Eighth grade		First year		Second year		Third year		Fourth year		Postgraduate and special		Total	
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Continental United States	7,758	11,329	6,875	10,260	21,532	35,522	12,888	21,946	7,918	14,024	5,070	9,464	133	268	61,174	102,813
Alabama	261	538	192	352	752	1,756	434	967	200	545	146	460	----	----	1,985	4,618
Arizona	4	5	6	3	24	27	16	21	13	16	6	9	----	----	69	81
Arkansas	154	208	112	188	365	638	181	364	109	177	41	101	----	----	962	1,676
California	331	365	318	352	444	473	302	358	191	200	97	154	26	45	1,709	1,947
Colorado	44	51	26	53	40	64	32	48	24	48	23	34	----	----	189	298
Connecticut	36	30	44	32	79	96	45	66	26	45	21	34	----	----	251	303
Delaware	----	----	----	----	85	158	53	84	42	58	29	32	----	----	209	332
District of Columbia	380	507	343	550	736	976	383	574	253	431	173	322	----	----	2,268	3,360
Florida	166	312	145	284	347	659	236	342	117	201	55	116	----	----	1,066	1,914
Georgia	388	781	311	640	947	1,839	483	877	208	451	121	269	----	----	2,458	4,857
Idaho	1	2	2	1	4	2	3	1	3	5	5	----	----	----	18	11
Illinois	73	223	62	174	717	1,167	628	928	383	523	306	414	4	30	2,173	3,459
Indiana	122	107	120	122	498	628	279	427	235	305	153	225	4	1	1,411	1,815
Iowa	65	77	74	96	78	77	33	66	31	34	23	40	----	----	304	390
Kansas	306	320	247	276	334	436	255	360	149	232	123	205	----	14	1,414	1,843
Kentucky	91	111	47	64	606	946	316	627	204	378	178	352	----	----	1,442	2,478
Louisiana	69	115	225	383	718	1,122	380	753	288	611	234	464	----	----	1,914	3,448
Maine	----	----	----	----	5	6	5	1	6	4	1	----	----	----	17	11
Maryland	502	735	387	663	501	1,066	282	615	198	421	94	327	----	----	1,964	3,827
Massachusetts	93	94	76	64	166	198	122	198	99	116	60	69	11	3	627	742
Michigan	430	474	410	429	455	635	257	316	170	164	83	135	2	15	1,807	2,168
Minnesota	17	20	13	21	23	40	28	24	21	19	14	18	----	----	116	142
Mississippi	135	233	132	251	962	1,219	552	610	104	305	112	152	----	----	1,997	2,770
Missouri	535	719	372	470	1,180	1,336	675	890	492	591	241	398	57	79	3,552	4,483
Montana	1	----	----	1	3	5	5	4	2	2	1	1	----	----	12	13
Nebraska	14	14	9	11	55	65	40	59	19	35	14	19	----	1	151	204
Nevada	----	1	----	----	3	----	----	1	----	1	----	----	----	----	3	3
New Hampshire[1]	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----
New Jersey	188	235	163	222	432	666	322	486	163	255	110	188	2	2	1,380	2,054
New Mexico	7	7	1	4	4	5	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	12	16

New York	406	1,069	338	892	916	1,618	571	836	376	569	227	269	2	17	2,836	5,270
North Carolina	88	171	94	203	1,480	3,221	1,023	2,248	671	1,517	414	950	1	19	3,771	8,329
North Dakota					1	1		2				1			1	4
Ohio	982	1,183	890	1,024	863	1,096	486	655	339	420	230	313	19	34	3,809	4,725
Oklahoma	245	357	235	316	509	867	298	487	199	332	151	280		2	1,637	2,641
Oregon			1	1	20	9	13	7	9	8	6	8			49	33
Pennsylvania	733	990	575	702	868	1,428	405	688	269	404	189	295	2	0	3,041	4,507
Rhode Island	6	2	6	6	29	47	24	28	8	25	10	24	1		84	132
South Carolina					1,212	2,460	631	1,545	444	1,088	198	488			2,485	5,581
South Dakota					5		2	6		3	2	1			9	10
Tennessee	233	376	174	335	779	1,498	547	1,023	334	631	246	499			2,313	4,362
Texas	332	483	423	610	2,833	4,565	1,601	2,761	920	1,806	512	997	1		6,622	11,222
Utah	1	2	5	3	1	2	2	2	7	2	6	5			22	16
Vermont	1	1			2		1			1					4	2
Virginia	49	69	74	138	1,025	1,880	667	1,241	422	820	264	532		4	2,501	4,684
Washington	13	17	17	14	61	46	52	32	47	28	44	17	1		235	154
West Virginia	228	300	187	281	331	433	198	298	110	187	101	237			1,155	1,736
Wisconsin	24	24	19	28	30	38	20	19	11	7	3	9		2	107	127
Wyoming	4	1		1	4	8		1	2	3	3	1			13	15

[1] New Hampshire does not keep any records of negroes in secondary schools.

TABLE 8.—*Teachers and students in elementary, secondary, and college departments in private and State secondary and higher schools for negroes, 1927–28*

State	Schools of all types	Teachers in all types of schools			Students								
		Men	Women	Total	Elementary		Secondary		Collegiate and professional[1]		Total		
					Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Total for 22 States	171	1,785	1,779	3,564	6,507	9,248	8,347	13,049	8,981	10,658	23,835	32,955	56,790
Alabama	18	246	330	576	1,439	1,857	1,516	2,093	301	573	3,256	4,523	7,779
Arkansas	7	34	48	82	265	310	255	354	148	131	668	795	1,463
Delaware	1	6	9	15	----	----	54	90	3	18	57	108	165
District of Columbia	3	163	38	201	----	22	----	47	1,698	1,222	1,698	1,291	2,989
Florida	4	52	68	120	397	462	191	304	66	79	654	845	1,499
Georgia	21	130	216	346	1,159	1,890	841	1,713	965	857	2,965	4,460	7,425
Illinois	2	----	17	17	----	70	19	92	----	----	19	162	181
Kansas	2	17	11	28	17	10	104	109	37	48	158	167	325
Kentucky	4	34	33	67	44	58	104	187	144	177	292	422	714
Louisiana	7	45	59	104	65	266	421	681	188	283	674	1,230	1,904
Maryland	5	36	31	67	30	77	58	92	199	430	287	599	886
Mississippi	13	73	82	155	541	650	644	793	231	260	1,416	1,703	3,119
Missouri	2	24	13	37	36	50	75	90	77	236	188	376	564
North Carolina	28	209	192	401	706	1,192	1,097	2,067	815	975	2,618	4,234	6,852
Ohio	1	49	28	77	31	33	108	130	207	344	346	507	853
Oklahoma	2	35	35	70	26	21	65	149	113	204	204	374	578
Pennsylvania	2	24	8	32	30	30	----	----	340	99	370	129	499
South Carolina	11	89	118	207	447	729	784	1,292	322	329	1,553	2,350	3,903
Tennessee	11	152	79	231	220	267	406	716	1,171	1,272	1,797	2,255	4,052
Texas	14	121	160	281	182	220	380	881	899	1,752	1,461	2,853	4,314
Virginia	10	191	165	356	831	999	1,044	905	741	925	2,616	2,829	5,445
West Virginia	3	55	39	94	41	35	181	264	316	444	538	743	1,281

[1] Does not include 3,678 negro college students in northern or western colleges and universities.

TABLE 9.—*Financial and property summary of private and State secondary and higher schools for negroes, 1927–28*

State	Bound volumes in libraries	Value of endowments	Value of libraries, furniture, and scientific equipment	Grounds and buildings	Receipts [1]					Total receipts for the year
					United States, State, or city	Student fees	Productive funds	Benefactions	Other sources	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Continental United States	779,611	$26,586,907	$6,292,784	$47,507,065	$3,606,511	$3,473,663	$915,577	$3,103,517	$2,539,814	$13,639,082
Alabama	67,963	6,895,006	594,638	5,646,409	74,475	351,751	12,250	567,697	101,533	1,107,706
Arkansas	10,533		79,000	614,000	76,506	38,810			26,158	141,474
Delaware	3,364		15,910	133,397	157,700	19,148			12,257	189,105
District of Columbia	56,662	910,622	468,934	2,579,251	463,310	297,392	41,351	238,313	12,072	1,052,438
Florida	6,500	61,000	200,840	1,370,100	255,668			250	101,307	357,225
Georgia	97,604	1,507,853	696,261	4,507,539	102,403	318,513	48,217	297,107	127,492	893,732
Illinois	3,192		9,000	58,000						
Kansas	3,540		42,000	511,000						
Kentucky	5,401	12,000	27,062	666,072	70,000	34,858	1,707	13,258	9,899	129,722
Louisiana	7,380		33,976	907,777	140,000	93,072	5,000	73,994	63,708	375,774
Maryland	10,980	67,149	100,691	924,156	93,240	53,607	3,382	23,178	3,852	177,259
Mississippi	29,675	279,071	213,393	2,240,680	40,677	150,282	16,023	94,587	18,020	319,589
Missouri	11,600		50,567	75,000	170,769	37,129			6,950	214,848
North Carolina	85,740	2,580,693	1,090,158	7,298,604	394,351	336,873	60,184	149,956	166,973	1,108,337
Ohio	12,900	104,000	386,641	1,702,070	350,190	49,539	1,395	41,137		442,261
Oklahoma	3,283	3,000	82,500	352,400	182,500	53,791		25,000	10,758	272,049
Pennsylvania	40,000	670,744	39,200	424,622		110,635	33,758	34,734		179,127
South Carolina	32,336	326,006	302,255	2,552,693	122,336	110,028	10,000	8,075	201,403	451,842
Tennessee	61,300	2,582,785	407,258	3,404,338	165,000	563,585	144,416	1,291,187	267,855	2,432,043
Texas	56,918	844,853	511,367	3,928,942	271,169	400,785		113,818	189,446	975,218
Virginia	159,060	9,682,125	757,293	6,299,258	250,016	331,516	532,718	106,640	1,143,890	2,364,780
West Virginia	13,680	60,000	183,840	1,310,757	226,201	122,349	5,176	24,586	76,241	454,553

[1] Not including receipts for private high schools.

TABLE 10.—*Length in days of school in 16 States*

State	In white schools					In colored schools				
	1919–20	1921–22	1923–24	1925–26	1927–28	1919–20	1921–22	1923–24	1925–26	1927–28
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Alabama	127	140	143	146	158	115	110	112	117	127
Arkansas	131	135	137	151	150	112	115	130	132	132
Delaware	182	180	178	184	185	181	180	176	185	184
District of Columbia	178	178	180	181	180	178	178	180	180	180
Florida	142	147	154	157	163	111	106	114	126	124
Georgia	153	143	145	150	154	132	134	131	134	137
Louisiana	166	167	171	171	173	114	111	113	102	114
Maryland	183	184	187	188	189	161	167	175	176	178
Mississippi	-------	158	158	141	162	-------	114	114	140	112
North Carolina	137	142	146	149	154	127	131	135	138	138
Oklahoma	-------	-------	165	149	150	-------	-------	144	142	142
South Carolina	139	142	148	169	172	84	80	87	116	116
Tennessee	-------	-------	-------	-------	167	-------	-------	-------	-------	149
Texas	-------	-------	136	135	157	-------	-------	130	133	130
Virginia	147	165	170	164	165	147	146	144	146	142
West Virginia	139	-------	170	165	-------	137	-------	160	158	-------
Average	145	151	153	155	161	120	119	123	132	131

TABLE 11.—*Average salaries of men and women negro teachers for States reporting teaching expenses for the years 1925–26 and 1927–28*

State	1925–26			1927–28								
				Elementary schools			High schools			Total		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Alabama	320	331	329	272	315	309	735	650	684	390	337	345
Arkansas	-------	-------	-------	476	374	400	981	513	631	502	381	412
Delaware	663	1,057	991	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	1,153
Florida	711	356	390	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	563	392	415
Georgia	317	182	198	305	234	239	953	566	744	475	245	268
Kentucky	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	810	-------	-------	-------
Louisiana	537	444	461	-------	-------	485	-------	-------	584	-------	-------	494
Maryland	-------	-------	857	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	990
Mississippi	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	386
North Carolina	-------	-------	455	-------	-------	463	-------	-------	811	-------	-------	487
Oklahoma	1,092	736	827	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------
South Carolina	385	291	302	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	379	286	302
Texas	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	803	653	687
Virginia	535	427	441	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	621	452	472
Average	[1]494	[1]347	[2]381	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	[3]590	[3]382	[4]420

[1] In 8 States. [2] In 10 States. [3] In 7 States. [4] In 12 States.

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